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June 21, 2012

The Board of Directors National Fisheries Corporation

Dear Members of the Board of Directors:

We have performed an audit of the financial statements of the National Fisheries Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the FSM National Government, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and ("generally accepted auditing standards") have issued our report thereon dated June 21, 2012.

We have prepared the following comments to assist you in fulfilling your obligation to oversee the financial reporting and disclosure process for which management of the Corporation is responsible.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED AUDITING STANDARDS AND GENERALLY ACCEPTED GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Our responsibility under generally accepted auditing standards and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, have been described in our engagement letter dated September 13, 2011. As described in that letter, the objective of a financial statement audit conducted in accordance with the aforementioned standards is:

- To express an opinion on the fairness of the presentation in the Corporation's basic financial statements and to disclaim an opinion on the required supplementary information for the year ended September 30, 2011 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("generally accepted accounting principles"), in all material respects; and
- To report on the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and on its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters for the year ended September 30, 2011 based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*.

Our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards include forming and expressing an opinion about whether the financial statements that have been prepared with the oversight of management and the Board of Directors are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or the Board of Directors of their responsibilities.

We considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared with the oversight of management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are ordinarily based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and on assumptions about future events. Significant accounting estimates reflected in the Corporation's 2011 financial statements include management's estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts, which is determined based upon past collection experience and aging of the accounts and management's estimate of depreciation expense, which is based on estimated useful lives of the respective capital assets. During the year ended September 30, 2011, we are not aware of any significant changes in accounting estimates or in management's judgments relating to such estimates.

UNCORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS

Our audit of the financial statements was designed to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether caused by error or fraud. We have attached to this letter, as Appendix II, a summary of uncorrected misstatements aggregated by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented that were determined by management to be immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

MATERIAL CORRECTED MISSTATEMENTS

Material misstatements were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures and were corrected by management during the current period. We have attached to this letter, as Appendix I, a summary of misstatements corrected by management.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Corporation's significant accounting policies are set forth in Note 2 to the Corporation's 2011 financial statements. During the year ended September 30, 2011, there were no significant changes in previously adopted accounting policies or their application, except for the following pronouncements adopted by the Corporation:

- GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.
- GASB Statement No. 59, *Financial Instruments Omnibus*, which updates and improves existing standards regarding financial reporting of certain financial instruments and external investment pools.

The implementation of these pronouncements did not have a material effect on the financial statements.

In December 2009, GASB issued Statement No. 57, *OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans*, which amends Statement No. 43, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, and Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, and addresses issues related to measurement of OPEB obligations by certain employers participating in agent multiple-employer OPEB plans. The provisions of Statement 57 related to the use and reporting of the alternative measurement method are effective immediately. The provisions related to the frequency and timing of measurements are effective for actuarial valuations first used to report funded status information in OPEB plan financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of NFC.

In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements, which addresses how to account for and report service concession arrangements (SCAs), a type of public-private or public-public partnership that state and local governments are increasingly entering into. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of NFC.

In December 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, which is designed to improve financial reporting for governmental entities by amending the requirements of Statements No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*, to better meet user needs and address reporting entity issues that have come to light since those Statements were issued in 1991 and 1999, respectively. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of NFC.

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In July 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net position in a statement of financial position. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of NFC.

In July 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 64, *Derivative Instruments: Application of Hedge Accounting Termination Provisions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 53)*, which will improve financial reporting by state and local governments by clarifying the circumstances in which hedge accounting continues to be applied when a swap counterparty, or a swap counterparty's credit support provider, is replaced. The provisions of this statement are effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2011. Management does not believe that the implementation of this statement will have a material effect on the financial statements of NFC.

DISAGREEMENTS WITH MANAGEMENT

We have not had any disagreements with management related to matters that are material to the Corporation's 2011 financial statements.

CONSULTATION WITH OTHER ACCOUNTANTS

We are not aware of any consultations that management may have had with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters during 2011.

SIGNIFICANT ISSUES DISCUSSED, OR SUBJECT OF CORRESPONDENCE, WITH MANAGEMENT PRIOR TO OUR RETENTION

Throughout the year, routine discussions were held, or were the subject of correspondence, with management regarding the application of accounting principles or auditing standards in connection with transactions that have occurred, transactions that are contemplated, or reassessment of current circumstances. In our judgment, such discussions or correspondence were not held in connection with our retention as auditors.

OTHER SIGNIFICANT ISSUES DISCUSSED, OR SUBJECT OF CORRESPONDENCE, WITH MANAGEMENT

Throughout the year, routine discussions were held, or were the subject of correspondence, with management. In our judgment, such discussions or correspondence did not involve significant issues requiring communication to the Board of Directors.

SIGNIFICANT DIFFICULTIES ENCOUNTERED IN PERFORMING THE AUDIT

In our judgment, we received the full cooperation of the Corporation's management and staff and had unrestricted access to the Corporation's senior management in the performance of our audit.

MANAGEMENT'S REPRESENTATIONS

We have made specific inquiries of the Corporation's management about the representations embodied in the financial statements. Additionally, we have requested that management provide to us the written representations the Corporation is required to provide to its independent auditors under generally accepted auditing standards. We have attached to this letter, as Appendix III, a copy of the representation letter we obtained from management.

CONTROL-RELATED MATTERS

We have identified, and included in the attached Attachment I, a deficiency related to NFC's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2011 that we wish to bring to your attention.

The definition of a deficiency is also set forth in Attachment I.

A description of the responsibility of management for establishing and maintaining internal control over financial reporting and of the objectives of and inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, is set forth in the attached Attachment II and should be read in conjunction with this report.

* * * * * *

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Directors, others within the Corporation and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Deloite HawleLLP

SECTION I – DEFICIENCIES

We identified, and have included below, a deficiency involving NFC's internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2011 that we wish to bring to your attention:

1. Annual Leave

<u>Condition</u>: Certain employee leave accrued balances as of year-end were paid out. Per examination of one employment contract, such payment requires board approval. However, during field work, documentation evidencing such approval was not provided.

<u>Recommendation</u>: Management should determine whether appropriate approval was obtained and should comply with terms of employment contracts.

SECTION II – DEFINITION

The definition of a deficiency that is established in AU 325, *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit*, is as follows:

A *deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when (a) a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing or (b) an existing control is not properly designed so that, even if the control operates as designed, the control objective would not be met. A deficiency in operation exists when (a) a properly designed control does not operate as designed, or (b) the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or competence to perform the control effectively.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR, AND THE OBJECTIVES AND LIMITATIONS OF, INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The following comments concerning management's responsibility for internal control over financial reporting and the objectives and inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting are adapted from auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Responsibility

NFC's management is responsible for the overall accuracy of the financial statements and their conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In this regard, management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting.

Objectives of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Internal control over financial reporting is a process affected by those charged with governance, management, and other personnel and designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of the entity's objectives with regard to reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Internal control over the safeguarding of assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition may include controls related to financial reporting and operations objectives. Generally, controls that are relevant to an audit of financial statements are those that pertain to the entity's objective of reliable financial reporting (i.e., the preparation of reliable financial statements that are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles).

Inherent Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal control over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may not be prevented or detected on a timely basis. Also, projections of any evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Journal E	ntries - AJE		
#	Name	Debit	Credit
	1 AJE Additional allowance for doubtful accounts	Debit	Orealt
1003A	Allowance for Bad Debts -Trade		12,556.00
7999	Bad Debt Expense	12,556.00	12,300.00
	Data Data Exportati	12,556.00	12,556.00
	To adjust for allowance for bad debt.	12,550.00	12,330.00
	2 AJE Adjustment for AP		
1003	NFC Account Receivable		5,097.77
2000	Accounts Payable	7,450.00	5,051.77
7030	Other Income	1,450.00	2,352.23
		7,450.00	7,450.00
	To properly adjust payable and receivable.	1,450.00	7,450.00
	3 AJE To adjust annual leave payable		
6315	Unused Annual Leaves	12	3,867.00
2119	Vacation Leave Payable	3,867.00	0,001.00
		3,867.00	3,867.00
	To adjust for annual leave expense.	- 0,001.00	0,007.00
	4 AJE To adjust for management fee		
4060	Management Fees		600.00
2000	Accounts Payable	600.00	
		600.00	600.00
	To adjust for management fees.		
	We have reviewed the proposed audit adjustme summarized above and agree that they should in the general ledger as at September 30, 2011. adjusting journal entries are the result of errors the result of fraud, irregularities or illegal acts. Mr. Peter Sitan President/CEO	be recorded These	liz
	Mr. Abiner Robert	06 22. Date	12

Passed Journal Entries-PAJE

#	Name	Debit	Credit
	1 PAJE To adjust for annual leave Annual Leave Payable	5,437.00	
	Payroll Expense		5,437.00
		5,437.00	0.00
	To adjust for annual leave-GL against SL		
	2 PAJE To adjust for AP		
	Advance from Customer	782.00	
	Other Income		782.00
	1 	782.00	782.00
	To adjust for AP balance		

We agree with the above passed adjusting entries, that such should not be recorded and such are not a result of fraudulent activites or illegal acts. Rather such represent immaterial misstatements.

> Mr Peter Sitan President/CEO

Mr. Abiner Robert

Controller

Date

6.12.12

Date





NATIONAL FISHERIES CORPORATION A CORPORATION OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA P.O. BOX R

KOLONIA, POHNPEI FM 96941

email address - psitan@mail.fm/micks 0469@yahoo.com

June 21, 2012

Deloitte & Touche P.O. Box 753 Kolonia, Pohnpei 96941

We are providing this letter in connection with your audits of the statements of net assets of the Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) National Fisheries Corporation (the Corporation), a component unit of the FSM National Government, as of September 30, 2011 and 2010 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and of cash flows for the years then ended, for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the Corporation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). We confirm that we are responsible for the following:

- a. The fair presentation in the basic financial statements of the Corporation's net assets, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and cash flows in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- b. The fair presentation of the information included in supplemental schedules and Management's Discussion and Analysis accompanying the basic financial statements.
- c. The design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- d. Establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting.
- e. The review and approval of the financial statements and related notes and acknowledge your role in the preparation of this information. Specifically, we acknowledge that your role in the preparation of the financial statements was a matter of convenience rather than one of necessity. We have reviewed the financial statement preparation assistance provided by you and acknowledge that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our review was based on the use of the financial statement disclosure checklist for stand-alone business-type activities obtained from the Government Finance Officers Association.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the following representations made to you during your audits.

- 1. The basic financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition:
 - a. Net asset components (invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted and unrestricted) are properly classified and approved
 - Revenues and expenses are appropriately classified in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets within operating and non-operating revenues and expenses
 - c. Capital assets are properly capitalized, reported and depreciated
- 2. The Corporation has made available to you all:
 - a. Financial records and related.
 - b. Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared. The only minute that we have provided you are for the date of January 31, 2011 and September 12, 2011, and there are no meetings other than those that have occurred from September 12, 2011 through the date of this letter.

3. There have been no:

- a. Action taken by the Corporation's management that contravenes the provisions of federal and Federated States of Micronesia (FSM) laws and regulations or of contracts and grants applicable to the Corporation and for all funds administered by the Corporation.
- b. Communication from other regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with or deficiencies in financial reporting practices or other matters that could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 4. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Corporation involving (a) management, (b) employees who have significant roles in internal control over financial reporting, or (c) others if the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 5. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Corporation received in communications from employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others.
- 6. We believe the effects of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements aggregated by you during the current audit engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. A summary of such uncorrected misstatements has been attached as Appendix A.
- 7. There are no unasserted claims or assessments that legal counsel has advised us are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 450, Contingencies (formerly FASB Statement No. 5, Accounting for Contingencies).

- 8. We are responsible for compliance with local and state laws, rules and regulations, including compliance with the provisions of grants and contracts relating to the Corporation's operations. We are responsible for establishing and maintaining the components of internal control relating to our activities in order to achieve the objectives of providing reliable financial reports, effective and efficient operations, and compliance with laws and regulations. The Corporation is responsible for maintaining accounting and administrative control over revenues, obligations, expenditures, assets, and liabilities.
- 9. There are no reportable conditions, including significant deficiencies and material weaknesses, in the design or operation of internal control that could adversely affect the Corporation's ability to initiate, record, process, and report financial information.
- 10. Management has identified and disclosed to you all laws and regulations that have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.
- 11. The Corporation has not performed a formal risk assessment, including the assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud. However, management has made available to you their understanding about the risks of fraud in the Corporation and do not believe that the financial statements are materially misstated as a result of fraud.

Except where otherwise stated below, matters less than \$2,000 collectively are not considered to be exceptions that require disclosure for the purpose of the following representations. This amount is not necessarily indicative of amounts that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.

- 12. The Corporation has no plans or intentions that may affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities.
- 13. The following, to the extent applicable, have been appropriately identified and properly recorded and disclosed in the financial statements:
 - Arrangements with financial institutions involving compensating balances or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances and line-of-credit or similar arrangements.
 - b. Related-party transactions and associated amounts receivable or payable, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees (written or oral).
- 14. In preparing the financial statements in conformity with GAAP, management uses estimates. All estimates have been disclosed in the financial statements for which known information available prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that both of the following criteria are met:
 - a. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect on the financial statements of a condition, situation, or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements will change in the near term due to one or more future confirming events.
 - b. The effect of the change would be material to the financial statements.

We are not aware of any estimates at September 30, 2011 that may change and that the effect of the change would be material to the financial statements.

- 15. Risks associated with concentrations, based on information known to management, that meet all of the following criteria have been disclosed in the financial statements:
 - a. The concentration exists at the date of the financial statements;
 - b. The concentration makes the enterprise vulnerable to the risk of a near-term severe impact; and
 - c. It is at least reasonably possible that the events that could cause the severe impact will occur in the near term.

16. There are no:

- a. Violations or possible violations of laws or regulations whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency.
- b. Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by FASB ASC 450, *Contingencies* (formerly FASB Statement No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*) other than that disclosed in the financial statements.
- 17. The Corporation has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 18. The Corporation has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have an effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 19. No events have occurred subsequent to September 30, 2011 to the date of this letter that require consideration as adjustments to or disclosures in the financial statements except for entering into a new joint venture.
- 20. We have disclosed to you that no change in the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting has occurred during the Corporation's most recent fiscal year that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.
- 21. Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors for sales or other charges arising on or before the balance-sheet date and have been appropriately reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- 22. Provision has been made to reduce excess or obsolete inventories to their estimated net realizable value. All inventories are the property of the Corporation and do not include any items consigned to it or any items billed to customers.
- 23. We believe that all expenditures that have been deferred to future periods are recoverable.
- 24. No corporation or agency of the Federal Government or the FSM National Government has reported a material instance of noncompliance to us.
- 25. There have been no actions taken by management, which contravene the provisions of local laws or regulations or of contracts applicable to the Corporation.
- 26. The Corporation is responsible for determining and maintaining the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts receivable, as well as estimates used to determine such

- amounts. Management believes the allowances are adequate to absorb currently estimated bad debts in the account balances.
- 27. We have advised you that we have not received any awards provided by federal agencies in the form of grants, contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property, cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, insurance, or direct appropriations.
- 28. The Corporation has obligated, expended, received, and used public funds of the Corporation in accordance with the purpose for which such funds have been appropriated or otherwise authorized by federal or local law. Such obligation, expenditure, receipt, or use of public funds was in accordance with any limitations, conditions, or mandatory directions imposed by federal or local law.
- 29. Money or similar assets handled by the Corporation on the local governments have been properly and legally administered and the accounting and recordkeeping related thereto is proper, accurate, and in accordance with law.
- 30. No evidence of fraud or dishonesty in fiscal operations of programs administered by the Corporation has been discovered.
 - 31. During fiscal year 2011, NFC implemented the following pronouncements
 - GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, which enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions.
 - GASB Statement No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, which amends Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, and Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, and addresses issues related to measurement of OPEB obligations by certain employers participating in agent multiple-employer OPEB plans.
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- 32. The Corporation does not require collateralization of its cash deposits; therefore, deposit levels in excess of FDIC insurance coverage are uncollateralized. Accordingly, these deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk. The Corporation has not experienced any losses on such accounts and management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on its deposits.
- 33. We have disclosed to you all conditions that we are undertaking to resolve the current uncertainty relative to our ability to continue as a going concern.

Peter Sitan

Chief Executive Officer

Abiner Robert Comptroller